

SR 400 (I-4) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study FM No.: 432100-1-22-01



Location Hydraulic Report

Segment 4: State Road 400 (SR 400)/Interstate 4 (I-4) from East of SR 15-600/US 17-92 (Seminole/Volusia County Line) to ½ Mile East of SR 472

Volusia County (79110), Florida

August 2016

HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executive Court Suite 400 Lake Mary, FL 32746



Professional Engineer Certificate

I hereby certify that I am a registered professional engineer in the State of Florida practicing with HNTB Corporation, Inc., a corporation authorized to operate as an engineering business, EB#6500, by the State of Florida, Department of Professional Regulation, Board of Professional Engineers, and that I have reviewed or approved the evaluation, findings, opinions, conclusions, or technical advice hereby reported for SR 400 (I-4) Project Development and Environment Study for the Florida Department of Transportation in Volusia County, Florida.

This Location Hydraulic Report (LHR) includes a summary of data collection efforts, floodplain impact estimates, limited cross drain evaluations, and an overall drainage review prepared for the conceptual analyses for the SR 400 (I-4) widening and extension from east of SR 15/600-US 17/92 (Seminole/Volusia County Line) to ½ mile east of SR 472 in Volusia County.

I acknowledge that the procedures and references used to develop the results contained in this report are standard to the professional practice of transportation engineering and planning as applied through professional judgments and experience. This document is for planning purposes only and is not to replace any effort required for final design.

	h	No 69089
SIGNATURE:	Ma	No. 69089
NAME:	Sanam Rai, P.E.	STATE OF
FIRM:	HNTB Corporation	CORIDA MONT
P.E. No.:	69089	
DATE:	August 2016	

CHIMININ,

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Intro	duction5
2.0	Proje	ect Description
2.1	Pro	posed Recommended Typical Section7
3.0	Desig	gn Criteria7
3.1	Cul	vert Design
3.2	Flo	odplains/Floodways
4.0	Site (Conditions9
4.1	Soi	ls9
4.2	Lan	ıd Use
4.	2.1	Existing Land Use13
4.	2.2	Future Land Use
4.3	Cro	ss Culverts
4.	3.1	Existing Conditions16
4.	3.2	Proposed Conditions16
4.	.3.3	Padgett Creek / Lake Monroe Hydraulic Connection16
4.4	Brid	dge Structures
4.	.4.1	Existing Condition17
4.	4.2	Proposed Condition17
4.5	Flo	odplain/Floodways17
4	.5.1	Basin 400
4	.5.2	Basin 403
4	.5.3	Basin 405
4.	5.4	Basin 407- 408
4	.5.5	Basin A (Rhode Island Avenue)19
5.0	Reco	mmendations and Conclusion 20
5.1	Cro	oss Drains

5.2	Bridge Structures	20
5.3	Floodplains and Floodways	20
5.4	Project Classification	20
5.5	Project Summary	21

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: NRCS Soil Survey Information	9
Table 2: Existing Cross Drains	16
Table 3: Proposed Cross Drains	16
Table 4: Existing Bridges	17

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Project Location Map	8
Figure 2: Soil Survey Map	11
Figure 3: USGS Quadrangle Map	12
Figure 4: Existing Land Use Map	14
Figure 5: Future Land Use Map	15
Figure 6: FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map	18

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Straight Line DiagramsA1-	A3
Appendix B – Cross Drain CalculationsB1-B	23
Appendix C – CorrespondenceC1-0	C3

1.0 Introduction

I-4 is an integral part of Central Florida's transportation system. The Interstate carries the greatest number of people and vehicles of any transportation facility in the region and serves many of the area's primary activity centers. When the Interstate opened in February 1965, it was designed to serve intrastate and interstate travel by providing a critical link between the east and west coasts of Central Florida. Although this role continues to be a crucial transportation function of I-4, the highway has evolved to one that serves many shorter trips. Today, the highway serves as the primary link between hotel/motel complexes and tourist attractions such as Walt Disney World, Universal Studios, Sea World, the International Drive Resort Area and downtown Orlando. In addition, since I-4 is the only north-south limited access facility that is centrally located between the predominant employment centers and the major suburbs to the north, it has become the primary commuting corridor in the Central Florida metropolitan area.

Tremendous growth in Central Florida over the past decades has made it difficult for the transportation system to accommodate travel demand. A significant amount of this growth is occurring within close proximity to I-4. In recent years, congestion on I-4 has extended well beyond normal peak hours and major crashes have closed the highway, resulting in traffic congestion throughout the metropolitan area. Congestion and delays on I-4 and the parallel arterial highways are now considered to be major transportation problems facing the region. The congestion on I-4 is further evidenced by the less than desirable levels of service on the Interstate as well as the crossroads.

Projections of future population and employment in the region indicate that travel demand will continue to increase well into the future. The ability to accommodate the new travel patterns resulting from growth must be provided to sustain the region's economy. Without the improvements, extremely congested conditions are expected to occur for extended periods of time in both the morning and evening peak periods. Due to these congested conditions, user travel times will continue to increase, the movement of goods through the urban area will be slower, and the deliveries of goods within the urban area will be forced to other times throughout the day.

The need for improvements to I-4 is illustrated by the important transportation roles I-4 serves to the Central Florida region and the State of Florida. If no improvements are made to the Interstate, a loss in mobility for the area's residents, visitors, and employees can be expected, resulting in a severe threat to the continued viability of the economy and the quality of life.

This reevaluation project involves revising the original design concept showing two (2) High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes to four (4) Express Lanes as recommended in the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for I-4 from east of the Seminole/Volusia County Line to east of SR 472. The Express Lanes are tolled lanes and will extend the full length of the project. The access to/from the tolled lanes will be evaluated as part of this effort to determine if changes are needed from the previously approved concept for access to/from the HOV Lanes. The original I-4 PD&E Studies involved physical separation between the HOV lanes and the general use lanes on I-4. Additionally, a demand management tool was proposed during the EIS phase of the project to control the use of the lanes by requiring a minimum number of occupants per vehicle in order to maintain an acceptable level of service (Level of Service D).

This reevaluation addresses revising the demand management tool to convert the HOV lanes to tolled Express Lanes. A variable pricing tolling plan is proposed. The tolls will vary by time of day and day of week to maintain acceptable levels of service in the Express Lanes. The tolls will be collected electronically through existing E-Pass, Sun Pass and other systems currently in place in the Orlando metropolitan area. The conversion to Express Lanes will maintain the same right of way limits as documented previously and will not change the impacts to the social, natural or physical environment.

The primary objective of this Location Hydraulic Report (LHR) is to evaluate the hydraulic conditions along this project corridor in the existing and proposed conditions. This evaluation shall be accomplished by assessing and quantifying all floodplain impacts and providing recommendations to offset any impacts. The results of this evaluation will provide FDOT with the information necessary to reach a decision on the type, design, and location of improvements that are required for the widening of SR 400 (I-4).

This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements set forth in Executive Order 11988, "Floodplain Management", US DOT Order 5650.2, "Floodplain Management and Protection", and Federal-Aid Policy Guide 23 CFR 650A. The intent of these regulations is to avoid or minimize roadway encroachments within the 100-year (base) floodplain, where practicable, and to avoid supporting land use development, which is incompatible with floodplain values. This report provides preliminary information on designated floodplains, cross culverts and potential floodplain impacts of the project on these areas.

General information regarding basin delineation, cross culvert location and culvert parameters used in the preparation of this report include the following:

- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) for Volusia County: FM12127C0730G, FM12127C0735H, FM12127C0620H and FM12127C0610H (Figure 6)
- US Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soils Conservation Service (SCS) Soils Survey for Volusia County (Figure 2)
- US Geological Survey (USGS) Quadrangle Map (Figure 3)
- Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) PD&E Manual, Part 2, Chapter 24 (revised January 2008)
- FDOT Drainage Manual (2014)
- Existing Construction Plans
- Various Existing Permits
- Site Investigation

2.0 **Project Description**

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) is proposing to reconstruct and widen I-4 as part of the I-4 Ultimate concept. This involves the build-out of I-4 to its ultimate condition through Central Florida, including segments in Polk, Osceola, Orange, Seminole, and Volusia Counties. The concept design proposes the addition of two (2) new express lanes in each direction giving it a total of ten (10) dedicated lanes. The study area in this section, from east of SR 15/600-US 17/92 (Seminole/Volusia County Line) to ½ mile east of SR 472, provides for the required stormwater treatment with forty (40) potential pond sites along the corridor (See Figure 1 – Project Location Map). The typical section will ensure that the design will be contained within the existing right-of-way with the exception of several offsite ponds. This alignment serves as the basis for the development of the proposed improvements outlined in the Location Hydraulic Report.

2.1 Proposed Recommended Typical Section

The proposed roadway is intended to be an urban principal arterial interstate. In general, the existing roadway typical section has three 12-foot travel lanes with 12 feet wide outside and inside shoulders with 10 feet paved in each direction. The existing right-of-way varies, but is typically 300 feet. The typical section in the proposed condition will have three 12-foot general use travel lanes with a 10-foot inside and 12-foot outside shoulder and two 12-foot express lanes with a 4-foot inside and 10-foot outside shoulder, in each direction. A barrier wall between adjacent 10-foot shoulders will separate the express lanes from the general use lanes. Additionally, auxiliary lanes in both the eastbound and westbound directions will be provided in some areas. Storm water runoff will be collected by inlets and will be conveyed through pipes to retention / detention ponds. The total right-of-way proposed for the recommended sections are a minimum of 300 feet, with the exception of the bifurcated area, in which the right-of-way width extends up to 630 feet.

3.0 Design Criteria

The design of stormwater management facilities for this project is governed by the rules and criteria set forth by the St. Johns River Water Management District (SJRWMD) and the FDOT. These criteria were drawn from the 2013 FDOT Drainage Manual.

3.1 Culvert Design

- All cross drains, if applicable, shall be designed to have sufficient hydraulic capacity to convey the 50-year (Design Frequency) storm event. All culverts shall be analyzed for the base flood (100-year).
- Backwater shall not significantly change land use values unless flood rights are purchased.
- The headwater for design frequency conditions shall be kept at or below the travel lanes.
- The highest tailwater elevation, which can be reasonably expected to occur coincident with the design storm event, shall be used (typically, crown of pipe is used).
- The minimum culvert size is 18" or its equivalent size.
- The design of all cross culverts shall comply with the guidelines set forth in the FDOT Drainage Manual, Chapter 4.



Figure 1: Project Location Map

3.2 Floodplains/Floodways

- The proposed project may not cause a net reduction in flood storage within the 10-year floodplain.
- Structures shall cause no more than a one-tenth (0.1) of a foot increase in the 100-year flood elevation 500-feet upstream.
- Proposed construction shall not cause a reduction in flood conveyance capabilities.
- Best Management Practices (BMP's) shall be employed to minimize velocity to avoid undue erosion.
- The design of encroachments shall be consistent with standards established by FEMA.

The above criteria were collected from applicable portions of:

- FDOT Drainage Handbook Culvert Design (January 2004)
- FDOT Drainage Manual (January 2014)
- FHWA Code of Federal Regulation 23 CFR 650A
- SJRWMD Management and Storage of Surface Waters (MSSW) Permit Information Manual (October 2013)

4.0 Site Conditions

This project lies within the jurisdiction of the SJRWMD. Wetlands, wildlife, soils conditions, land use, cross culverts, and floodplains describe the site conditions present within the limits of this study. Involvement within wetlands and impact of wildlife are specifically addressed in two separate reports, "Wetlands Evaluation Report" and "Endangered Species Biological Assessment" prepared as part of this PD&E Study.

4.1 Soils

The Soil Survey of Volusia County, Florida, published by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) has been reviewed for the project vicinity. There are twenty-one (21) mapped soil types located in the project vicinity. Table 1 lists these soil types and their hydraulic properties. The Soil Survey Map for the project is illustrated in Figure 2.

Soil Type	Hydrologic Soil Group
Apopka fine sands (1)	А
Astatula fine sands (4,5)	А
Basinger fine sand (8)	A/D
Bluff sandy clay loam (10)	C/D
Cassia fine sand (13)	A/D
Daytona sand (17)	А
EauGallie fine sand (20)	A/D
Electra fine sand (22)	А

Table 1: NRCS Soil Survey Information

Soil Type	Hydrologic Soil Group
Myakka fine sand, depressional (33)	A/D
Immokalee sand (29)	B/D
Orsino fine sand (37)	А
Paola fine sand (42, 43)	А
Pomona fine sand (50)	A/D
Placid (48)	А
Quartzipsamments, gently sloping (54)	А
Tavares fine sand (63)	А
Riviera fine sand (42)	А
Smyrna fine sand (60)	A/D
St. Johns fine sand (61)	B/D

Based on a review of the Volusia County, Florida United States Geographical Survey (USGS) quadrangle map, the existing ground surface elevations along the project alignment vary approximately from +5 to +75 feet NGVD. A reproduction of the USGS quadrangle map for the project vicinity is shown in Figure 3.

11

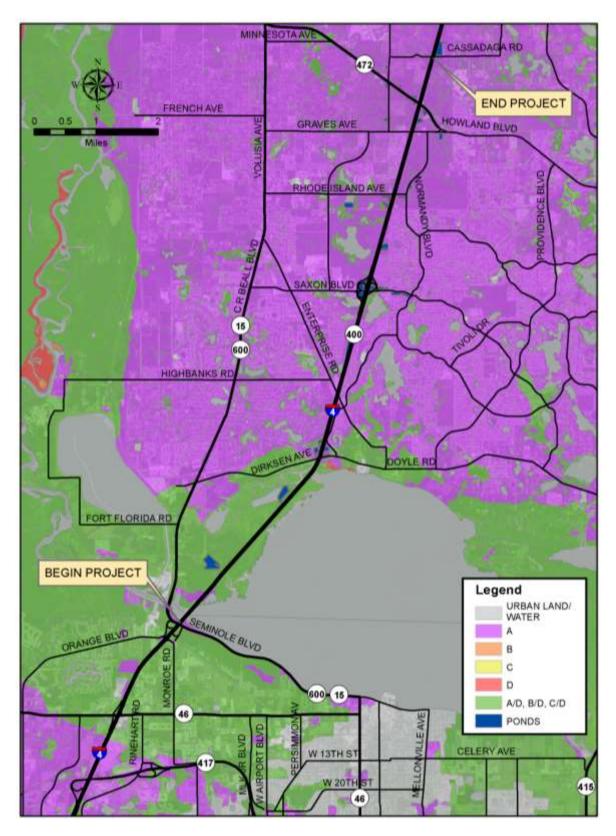


Figure 2: Soil Survey Map

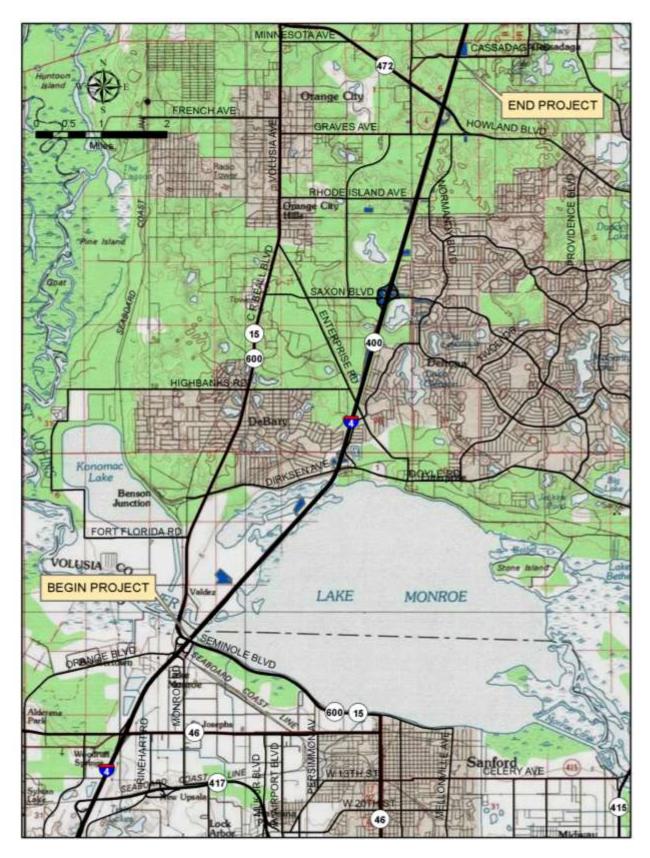


Figure 3: USGS Quadrangle Map

4.2 Land Use

The proposed improvements to the 10-mile I-4, Segment 4 corridor lie within Volusia County, with portions of the segment adjacent to or within the cities of Debary, Deltona, Orange City and DeLand. The existing land use map was created using information from FDOT 2012 parcel tax data records compiled by the Florida Geographic Data Library (FGDL). The future land use map was created using FGDL future land use data from the adopted comprehensive plan amendments for each municipality within the project's limits.

4.2.1 Existing Land Use

The existing land use along the I-4, Segment 4 corridor varies with a mixture of uses. The southern end of the corridor is characterized by a large portion of conservation area along both sides of I-4. This area on the west side of roadway is owned by the SJRWMD and is classified as public/semi-public land. The middle portion of the corridor consists largely of residential land use interspersed with a few undeveloped, non-residential parcels, parcels designated as "other" land use and some acreage not zoned for agriculture. The remainder of the corridor, which comprises the northern section of the corridor limits, consists of a variety of land uses including residential, agricultural and retail/office use, along with several undeveloped nonresidential parcels. Figure 4 illustrates the existing land use within the project area.

4.2.2 Future Land Use

Future land use along the I-4, Segment 4 corridor is similar to the existing land use in this area. The southern end of the corridor will remain as conservation area along both sides of I-4. The middle portion of the corridor consists largely of low and medium density residential land use interspersed with several commercial parcels and some mixed use parcels. The northern section of the corridor consists primarily of mixed use parcels along with some low and medium density residential and commercial land uses. The future land uses along the corridor are illustrated in Figure 5. The widening of I-4 will not alter the existing or future land uses in the area.

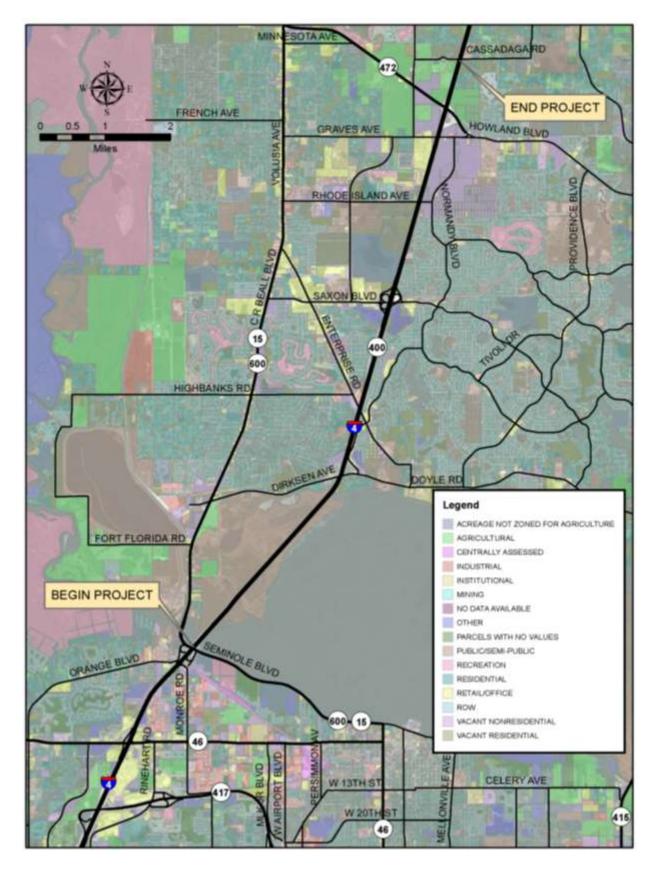


Figure 4: Existing Land Use Map

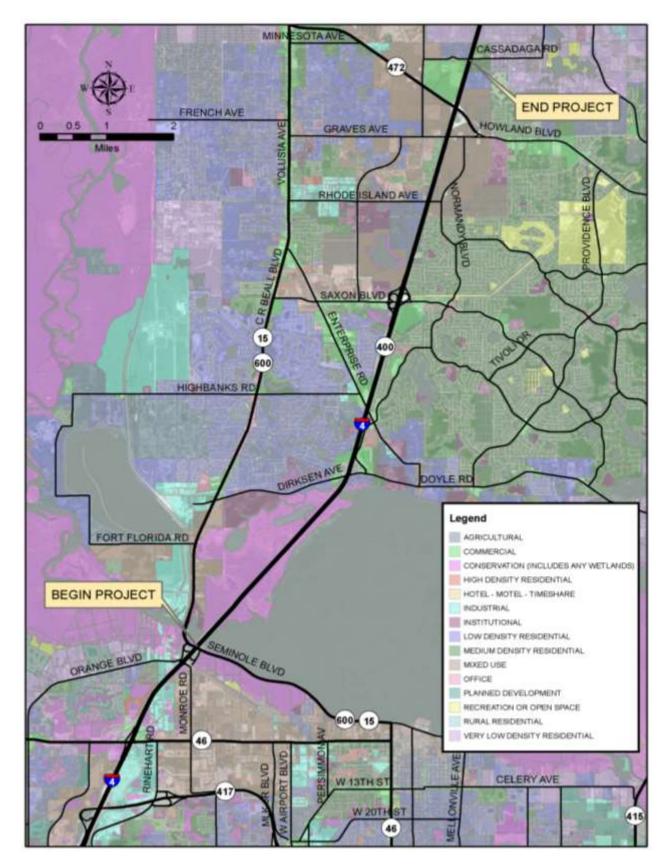


Figure 5: Future Land Use Map

4.3 Cross Culverts

4.3.1 Existing Conditions

There are three (3) existing cross drains within the study area. The Permitted Plans show the existing culvert at Station 2904+29 as a 36 inch concrete pipe, whereas the Straight Line Diagram of Road Inventory shows it as a 24 inch pipe. It was field verified by HNTB staff that the existing culvert is a 36 inch pipe. Additionally, there is a 36 inch steel casing culvert located at Station 2946+25 and was permitted (Permit No. 64105-6) for 75.36 acres of contributing area. The culvert located at Station 2988+72.86 was permitted with a contributing area of 706 acres. Table 2 depicts the existing cross culvert data obtained from the Straight Line Diagram of Road Inventory (Appendix A) pertinent to the project study area as well as original I-4 Permitted Plans.

		Description from Original Construction Plans								
Milepost	Station	Count	Span (in)	Rise (in)	Type Length (Ft)		_	vation NAVD)		
			(11)	(11)			Upstream	Downstream		
6.169	2904+29	1	36*	36*	RCP	342	18.88 18.74			
6.960	2946+25	1	36	36	SCP	210	27.10	26.02		
7.556	2988+72.86	1	36	36	SCP	237	28.24 20.33			

Table 2: Existing Cross Drains

Abbreviations: RCP – Reinforced Concrete Pipe, SCP – Steel Casing Pipe, *FV – Field Verified

4.3.2 Proposed Conditions

Through hydraulic analysis, it was determined that the cross drains will be extended in length and the will all remain 36 inches in size. Table 3 depicts the results of the hydraulic analysis. Appendix B illustrates the Cross Drain Calculations.

			Description from Original Construction Plans								
Milepost	Station	Count	Span	•		Length (Ft)		vation NAVD)			
			(in)	(in)			Upstream	Downstream			
6.169	2904+29	1	36	36	RCP	357	18.88 18.73				
6.960	2946+25	1	36	36	SCP	247	27.15	26.00			
7.556	2988+72.86	1	36	36	SCP	253	28.24 19.80				

 Table 3: Proposed Cross Drains

Abbreviations: RCP - Reinforced Concrete Pipe, SCP - Steel Casing Pipe

4.3.3 Padgett Creek / Lake Monroe Hydraulic Connection

The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) determined that the wetlands in this area are classified as EFH under their guidelines and requires in-kind compensatory mitigation for wetland impacts. Due to the I-4 roadway improvements, wetlands are impacted within the Padgett Creek / Lake Monroe area. Stantec performed an Essential Fish Habitat Assessment (EFH) study at the St. Johns River, Lake Monroe, Padgett Creek, and the DeBary Bayou as part of the I-4 PD&E Reevaluation Study. The best option to offset the EFH

17

impacts will involve restoring hydraulic connections between Lake Monroe and the wetlands west of I-4. Stantec's EFH memo recommended adding two 100-foot span bridges located at Station 2678+00.

4.4 Bridge Structures

4.4.1 Existing Condition

There are twelve (12) existing bridges located within the project corridor; four that cross over a body of water. The first two bridges cross over Lake Monroe, and the next two bridges cross over Padgett Creek. Bridge number 0196 and 0197 (Lake Monroe) are located within the 100-year floodplain. Table 4 depicts the attributes of the existing bridges. Structure attributes were provided from the Straight Line Diagram of Road Inventory.

Structure No.	Milepost	Station	Location Length		Structure Type
0196	0.000	2578+09	US 17/92 / SR 15/600	2,566	BR
0197	0.000	2578+57	US 17/92 / SR 15/600	2,566	BR
0941	3.296	2752+57	PADGETT CREEK	153	BR
0099	3.296	2752+57	PADGETT CREEK	153	BR
0042	3.501	2762+31	DIRKSEN ROAD	327	BR
0100	3.501	2762+31	DIRKSEN ROAD	327	BR
0191	4.615	2823+00	ENTERPRISE ROAD	142	UP
0167	6.351	2913+24	SAXON BLVD EB	58	UP
0166	6.362	2913+82	SAXON BLVD WB	73	UP
0218	9.040	3055+55	GRAVES AVE	63	UP
0053	9.504	3079+47	SR 472	58	UP
0190	9.518	3080+43	SR 472	58	UP

Table 4: Existing Bridges

Abbreviations: UP – UP (I-4 travels under facility), BR – Bridge (I-4 travels over facility)

4.4.2 Proposed Condition

In the proposed condition, the bridges will either be widened or replaced to accommodate the widening of the I-4. The bridges over the St. Johns River and Padgett Creek will require a scour analysis. There will be a total of three newly proposed bridges.

4.5 Floodplain/Floodways

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has developed Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) for Volusia County. According to FEMA Map Nos. 12127C0730G, 12127C0735H, 12127C0620H and 12127C0610H, large portions of the roadway and several ponds lie within the 100-year floodplain. Based on the FEMA floodplain lines, the roadway widening will impact the floodplain on both sides of the roadway. The FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps for the project is provided in Figure 6.

18

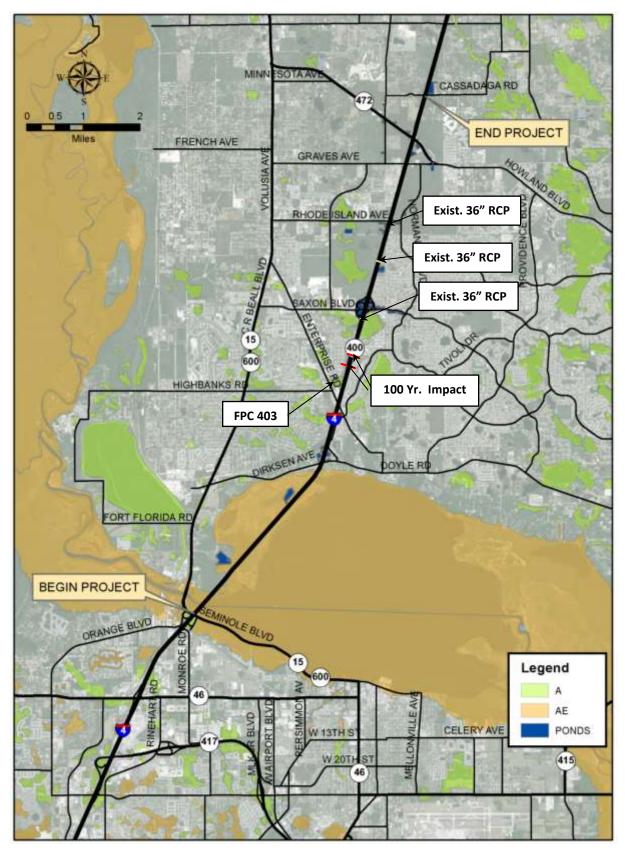


Figure 6: FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map

4.5.1 Basin 400

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has developed Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) for Volusia County. According to FEMA Map Nos. 12127C0730G, 12127C0735H, 12127C0620H and 12127C0610H, large portions of the roadway and several ponds lie within the 100-year floodplain. Based on the FEMA floodplain lines, the roadway widening within Lake Monroe Floodplain will impact the floodplain on both sides of the roadway and are located in Zone AE of the floodplain with an elevation of 9 feet NAVD. The roadway impacts the floodplain for a total of 55.75 acre-feet. The westbound impacts occur from Station 2634+00 to 2752+00. The eastbound impacts occur from Station 2640+00 to 2752+00. Compensation for the two basins will be provided in Pond 400 for this impact for a total of 64.58 acre-feet of compensation.

4.5.2 Basin 403

Based on FEMA floodplain lines, a small portion of the widening will impact the Gasline Lake Floodplain. The floodplain at Gasline Lake is classified as Zone A. Based on available contours the elevation for the floodplain is approximately 40 feet NAVD. The westbound portion of the shoulder will impact the Lake Gasline floodplain from Station 2842+20 to Station 2848+20 for a total of 2.41 acre-feet of impacts. A floodplain compensation pond (FPC 403) has been added adjacent to Lake Gasline to compensate for the fill to the floodplain from Station 2847+00 to 2849+00. Additional right-of-way will be required for floodplain compensation pond FPC 403 with an acquisition of one parcel.

4.5.3 Basin 405

Based on the FEMA FIRM map, the roadway right-of-way is located within the 100-year floodplain of Goose Lake and Trout Lake at Station 2905+00. An existing culvert hydraulically connects the two lakes. Goose Lake lies within Zone A and Trout Lake lies within Zone AE with an elevation of 26 NAVD. The ramps and ponds within the southwest quadrant of the Saxon Boulevard Interchange are located within this floodplain. Previously, SR 400 (I-4) was widened from four lanes to six lanes and compensation was provided in the existing ponds. Additional pavement and fill is not proposed within this area; therefore, no floodplain impacts are anticipated.

4.5.4 Basin 407-408

Based on FEMA floodplain lines, a small portion of the widening will impact the Trout Lake Floodplain. The floodplain at Trout Lake is classified as Zone A. Based on permit application number 42-127-3037-AN, the elevation for the floodplain is approximately 24.3 feet NAVD. The I-4 eastbound off-ramp to Saxon Blvd. will impact the Lake Trout floodplain for approximately 645 ft. for a total of 6.85 acre-feet of impacts. A floodplain compensation pond (FPC 407) has been added adjacent to Lake Trout to compensate for the fill to the floodplain from Station 2908+00 to 2912+00. Additional right-of-way will be required for the proposed ramp alignment.

4.5.5 Basin A (Rhode Island Avenue)

A portion of proposed right-of-way along Rhode Island Avenue lies within the 100-year floodplain from Station 26+82 to Station 32+18. The floodplain is classified as Zone A and has a determined elevation of 17.86 NAVD (Permit No. 111974-1). Compensation for Rhode Island Avenue is provided in a compensation

pond that is adjacent to Pond A (Refer to Appendix E for permitted floodplain calculations). The floodplain pond lies within the existing Volusia County right-of-way.

5.0 Recommendations and Conclusion

5.1 Cross Drains

There are three (3) cross drains within the study area. The existing cross drains have been evaluated for headwater impacts to see if replacement is necessary. Due to the proposed widening, the cross drains will require total replacement. Through hydraulic analysis, it was determined that all cross drain sizes will remain the same. See Appendix B for Cross Drain Calculations.

5.2 Bridge Structures

There are twelve (12) existing bridges. There are three newly proposed bridges. There are two 100-foot span proposed bridges recommended for the Padgett Creek / Lake Monroe area to mitigate for the Essential Fish Habitat (EFH) impacts and one proposed bridge along Rhode Island. Additional study will be required during the final design phase to determine the resultant scour of the four (4) water crossings.

5.3 Floodplains and Floodways

Floodplains are present within the study limits; however, no floodways are located within the project area. The floodplains that are present are located in Zone A and Zone AE. Compensation will be provided for the impacts to the 100-year floodplain as a result of this project. Refer to the Pond Siting Report (PSR) for more details on floodplain compensation alternatives and floodplain impacts and compensation calculations.

5.4 **Project Classification**

In accordance with FDOT's PD&E Manual, Part 2, Chapter 24, Section 24-2.1, Figure 24.1 "Floodplain" Statements, the proposed corridor has been evaluated to determine the impact of the proposed hydraulic modifications. Hydraulic improvements are grouped into six categories based upon the type of the hydraulic improvements and estimated floodplain impact. The proposed project can be best described in two categories:

Category 3: Projects involving modification to existing drainage structures. The proposed project does not involve the replacement of any existing drainage structures or the construction of any new drainage structures. Projects that affect flood heights and flood limits, even minimally, may require further evaluation to support statements that emphasize the insignificance of the modifications (FDOT PD&E Manual, Part 1, Chapter 24). "The modifications to drainage structures included in this project will result in an insignificant change in their capacity to carry floodwater. This change will cause minimal increases in flood heights and flood limits. These minimal increases will not result in any significant adverse impacts on the natural and beneficial floodplain values or any significant change in flood risks or damage. There will not be a significant change in the potential for interruption or termination of emergency service or emergency evacuation routes. Therefore, it has been determined that this encroachment is not significant."

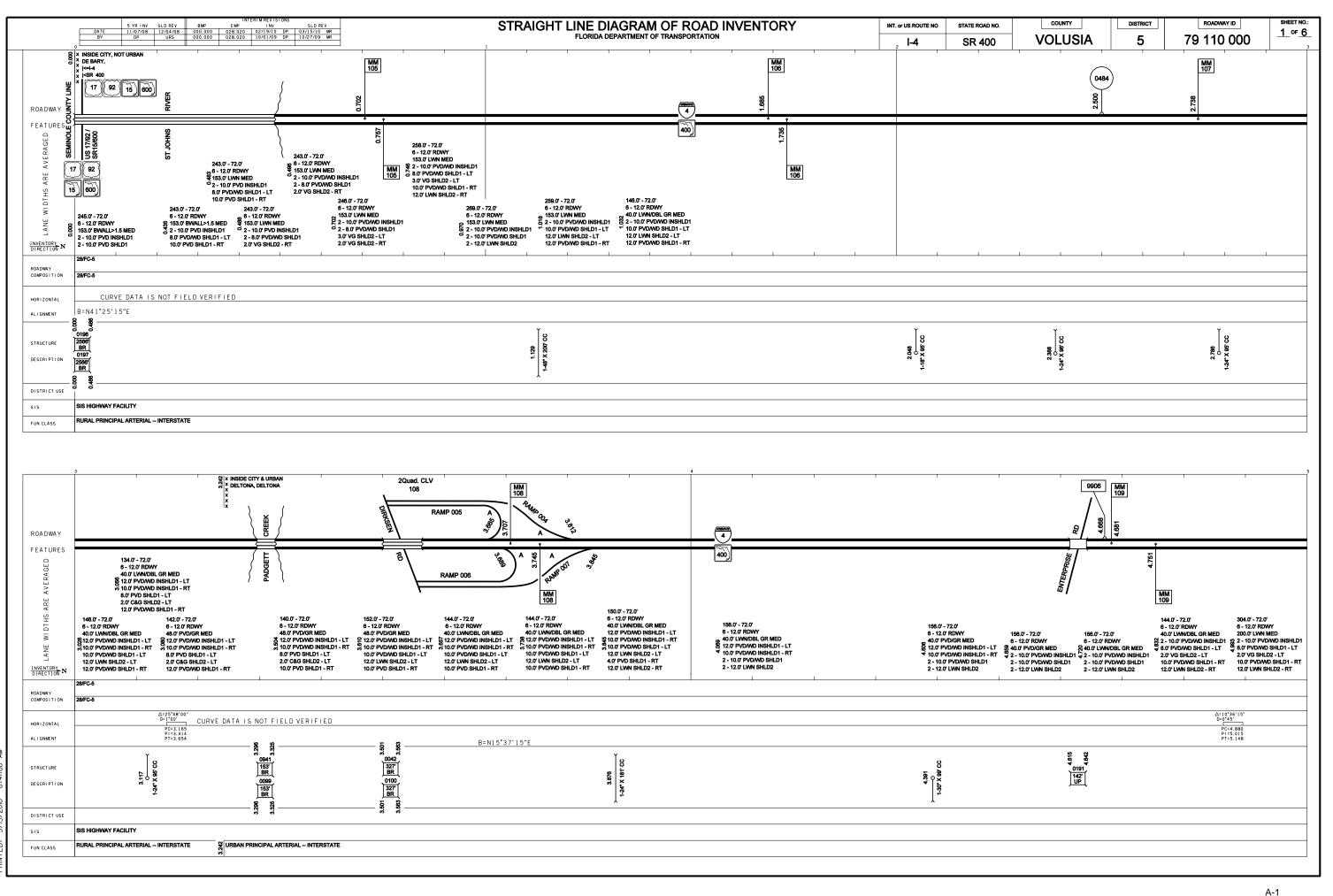
Category 4: Projects on existing alignment involving replacement of existing drainage structures with no record of drainage problems. The proposed project does not involve replacement activities that would reduce the hydraulic performance of existing facilities. Also, there should be no record of drainage problems and no unresolved complaints from residents in the area (FDOT PD&E Manual, Part 1, Chapter 24). "The proposed structure will perform hydraulically in a manner equal to or greater than the existing structure, and backwater surface elevations are not expected to increase. As a result, there will be no significant adverse impacts on natural and beneficial floodplain values. There will be no significant change in flood risk, and there will not be a significant change in the potential for interruption or termination of emergency service or emergency evacuation routes. Therefore, it has been determined that this encroachment is not significant."

5.5 **Project Summary**

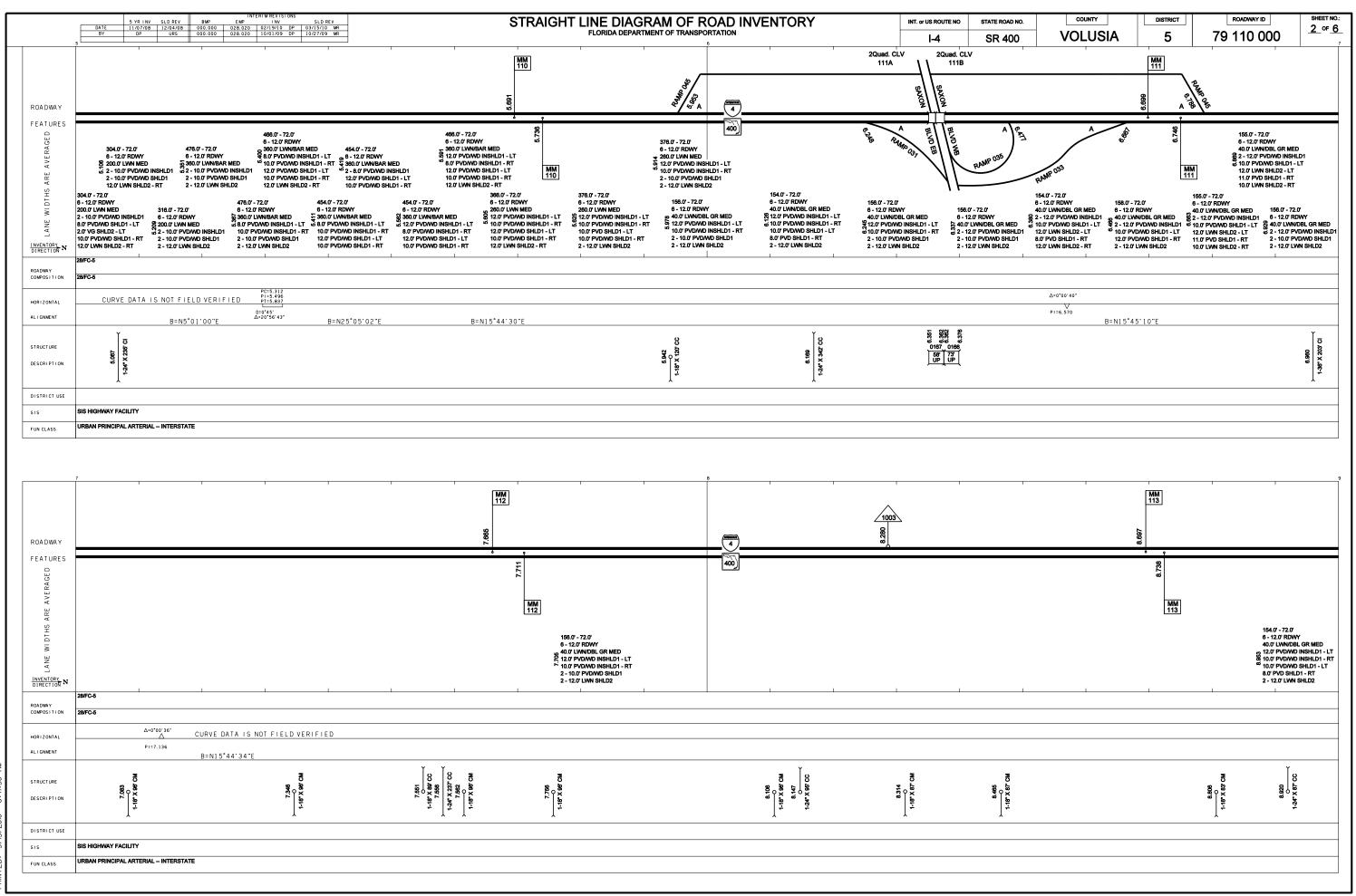
The proposed reconstruction and widening of SR 400 (I-4) involves adding two new lanes in each direction and providing stormwater management systems. There are three (3) existing cross drains that will necessitate cross drain replacement, which is dependent on the condition of the cross drain. There are twelve (12) existing bridges and three (3) proposed bridges within the corridor. The existing bridges may need to be replaced to meet the proposed geometry. The proposed alignment does impact the 100-year floodplain as well as existing pond sites that will be modified. Compensation will be provided for these impacts. Wetland impacts to Essential Fish Habitat Assessment (EFH) are proposed to be compensated for by restoring the hydraulic connection between Lake Monroe and the wetlands west of I-4. By complying with regulatory criteria, the implementation of this project will not adversely affect the area adjacent to the corridor and meets the expectations of the stakeholders.

APPENDIX A -

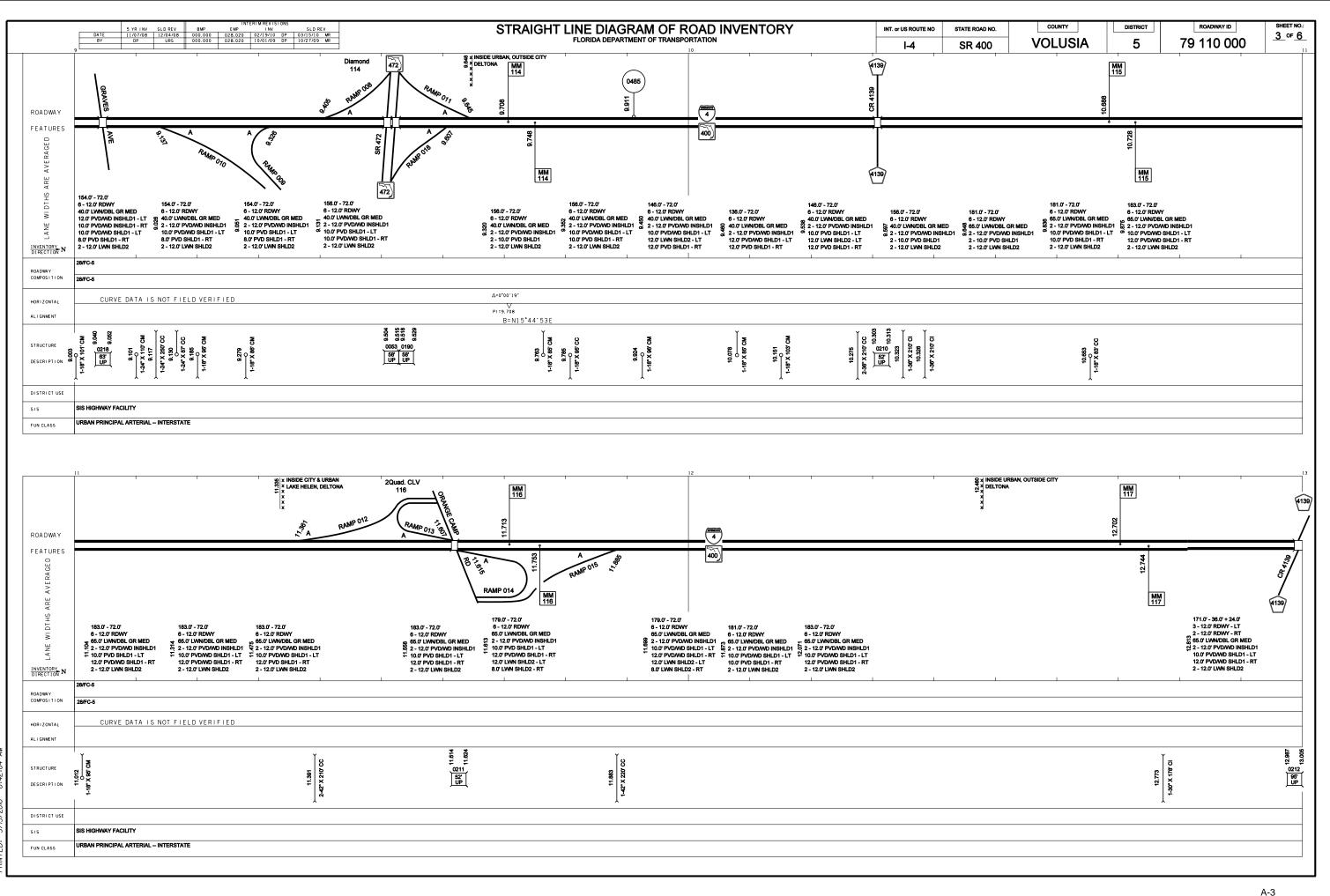
STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAMS



DGN's V79110-2010.dgn VTED: 3/15/2010 8:41:



dgn



DGN's 7910–2010.dgn NTED: 3/15/2010 8:42:0

APPENDIX B -

CROSS DRAIN CALCULATIONS

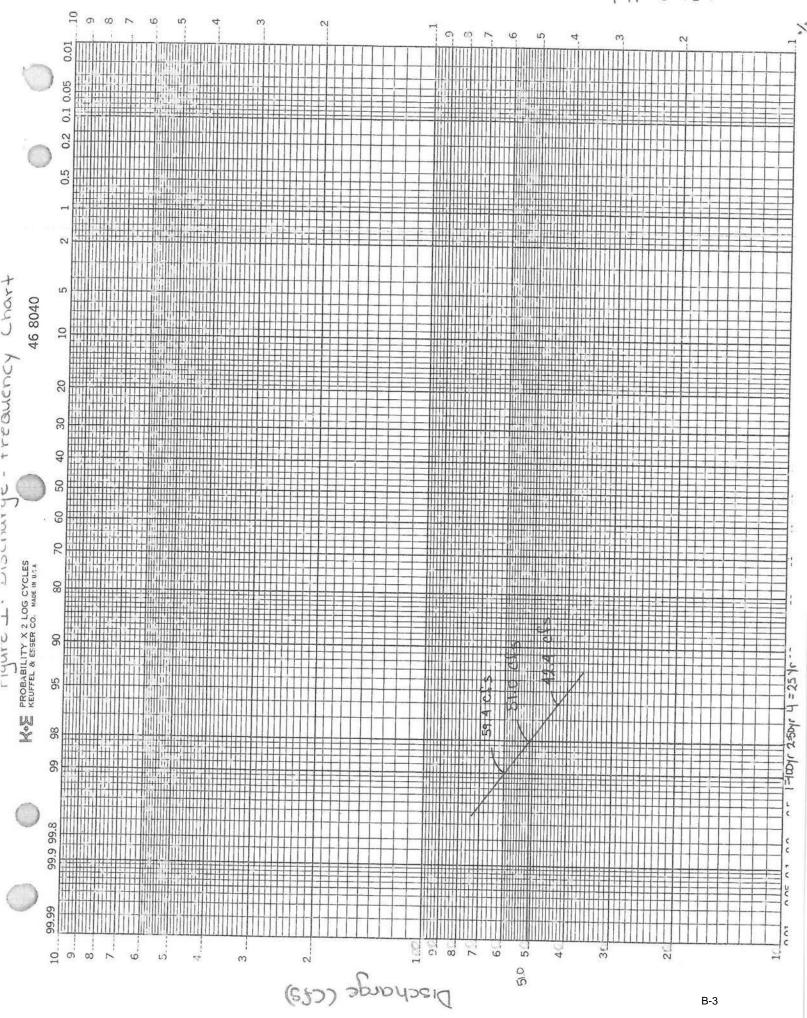
DATE LDP 12-Nov-13 HHJ 7-Apr-14 59219	TW ₅₀ = El. 21.74 Downstream Invert El. 18.73	Commonte	CONTINUENTS			
made by: checked by: HNTB job #:	ME	Outlet	Velocity	6.00	7.22	8.40
남 당	N	Con.	MH	4.66	5.51	6.44
			MH	4.66	5.51	6.44
z	Overtoppping EI. EI. 29.65		LSo	0.15	0.15	0.15
DITIO	Overtopp El. 29.65	TW - LS	DTW	3.01	3.01	3.01
ED COL		<u> </u> + D	MT	3.01	3.01	3.01
DRAIN ANALYSIS - PROPOSED CONDITION		Headwater Computation Outlet Control HW = H + DTW - LSo	(d _c +D)/2	2.55	2.65	2.75
- SIS		vater Co Outlet C	dc***	2.10	2.30	2.50
WALY	HW ₁₀₀ = El. 25.32 HW ₅₀ = El. 24.39 HW ₂₅ = El. 23.54 n Invert	Headv	**Н	1.80	2.65	3.58
JRAIN A	HW ₁₀₀ = HW ₅₀ = HW ₂₅ = HW ₂₅ = Lystream Invert EI. 18.88		Ke	0.20	0.20	0.20
CROSS I	Upstream El. 18.88	lo	MH	3.45	4.17	4.80
5		Inlet Control	HW/D*	1.15	1.39	1.60
		L	Q/B	14.14	17.00	19.79
00 nt 4	(NAVD)	Size	В	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft
Suite 40 Segmei	cs: 1 Round 0.012 0.012 0.012 3.0 ft 3.0 ft 3.0 ft 18.73 29.65 21.74 29.65 21.74 36" Pipe	Si	D	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft
n utive Court, Suite 400 46 I-4 PD&E - Segment 4 6.169	istics: 3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.	a	(cis)	42.4	51.0	59.4
L 32746	Characte arrels: Shape: Shape: s Coef.: ert: Invert:	# of	Darreis	٦	۲	-
HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 400 Lake Mary, FL 32746 PROJECT: I-4 PD&E - Segment LOCATION: 6.169	Cross Drain Characteristics: Number of Barrels: Cross Drain Shape: Manning's "n": Entrance Loss Coeft.: Faitrance Loss Coeft.: Span (B): Height (D): Length (L): Slope (So): Upstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Downstream Invert: Description:	Culvert	uonduosan	36" Pipe 25 Yr	36" Pipe 50 Yr	36" Pipe 100 Yr

* From Chart 1 of HDS-5 ** From Chart 5 of HDS-5 *** From Chart 4 of HDS-5

DATE DATE made by: LDP T-Apr-14 HNTB job #:	$HV_{10a} = EI. 25.14 \Sigma$ $HV_{2a} = EI. 23.48 \Sigma$ $HV_{2a} = EI. 23.48 \Sigma$ $Upstream Invert$ $I_{13.88}$ $I_{13.74}$	5	Q/B HW/D* HW Ke H** dr *** (d,+D)/2 TW DTW LS0 HW Velocity Comments	14.14 1.15 3.45 0.20 1.75 2.10 2.55 3.00 3 0.14	ft 17.00 1.39 4.17 0.20 2.65 3.00 3 0.14 5.48 5.48 7.22	ft 19.79 1.60 4.80 0.20 3.40 2.50 2.75 3.00 3 0.14 6.26 6.26 8.40
OSS DRAIN	HW ₁₀₀ = HW ₅₀ = HW ₂₅ = pstream Invert I. 18.88		MH			
С	U E Wn of pipe)	Intot Control	HW/D*	1.15	1.39	1.60
	d on cro	Ш	Q/B	-		
400 ent 4			3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	
t, Suite	cs: 1 Round 0.012 0.20 3.0 ft 3.0 ft 3.0 ft 3.42 ft 18.88 18.88 18.88 18.88 18.88 18.88 18.88 18.88 18.88 29.65 21.74 29.65 21.74 29.65 21.74 24 cf 36" Pipe		٥	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft
utive Court, Suite 400 46 1-4 PD&E - Segment 4 6.169	eristics: $ \frac{R_{01}}{3.(0100)} = \frac{1.0}{0.000} = \frac{3.(0100)}{3.(0100)} = \frac{1.0}{2.01} = \frac{2.0}{59.4 \text{ cfs}} = \frac{59.4 \text{ cfs}}{59.4 \text{ cfs}} $	σ	s (cfs)	42.4	51.0	59.4
oration t Execut 1. 32746	Charactu arrels: Shape: ": ss Coef.: ss Coef.: EI.: EI.: EI.: S fps * (1	# of	Barrels	-	٣	-
HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 400 Lake Mary, FL 32746 PROJECT: I-4 PD&E - Segment LOCATION: 6.169	$\label{eq:cross} \mbox{Drain Characteristics:} \end{tabular} \mbox{Aumber of Barrels:} \end{tabular} tabula$	Culvert	Description	36" Pipe 25 Yr	36" Pipe 50 Yr	36" Pipe

* From Chart 1 of HDS-5 ** From Chart 5 of HDS-5 *** From Chart 4 of HDS-5

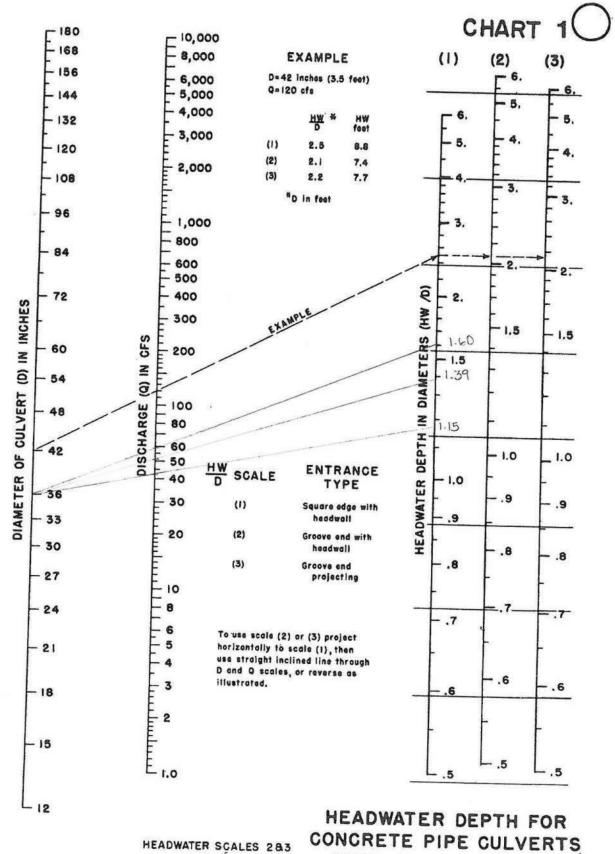
MP 6.169



1017

υ

MP 6.169

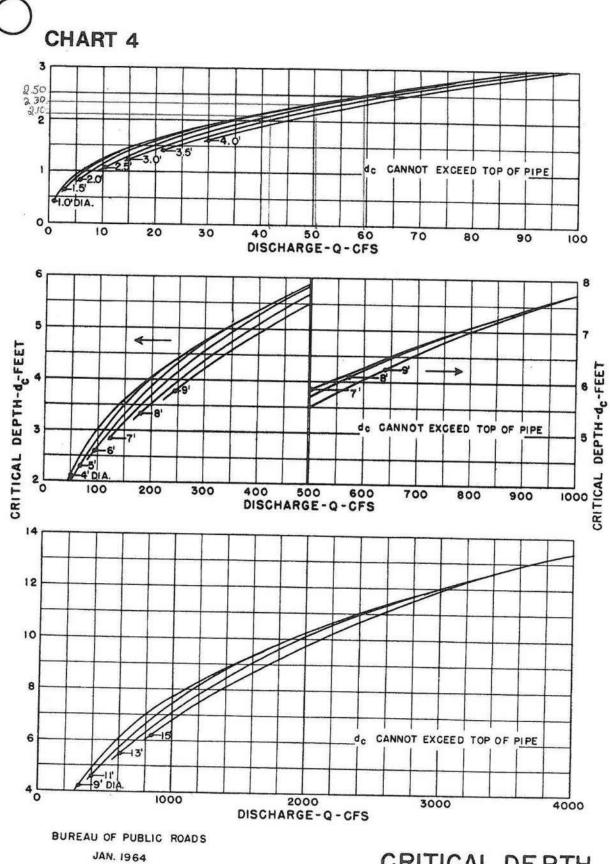


WITH INLET CONTROL

REVISED MAY 1964

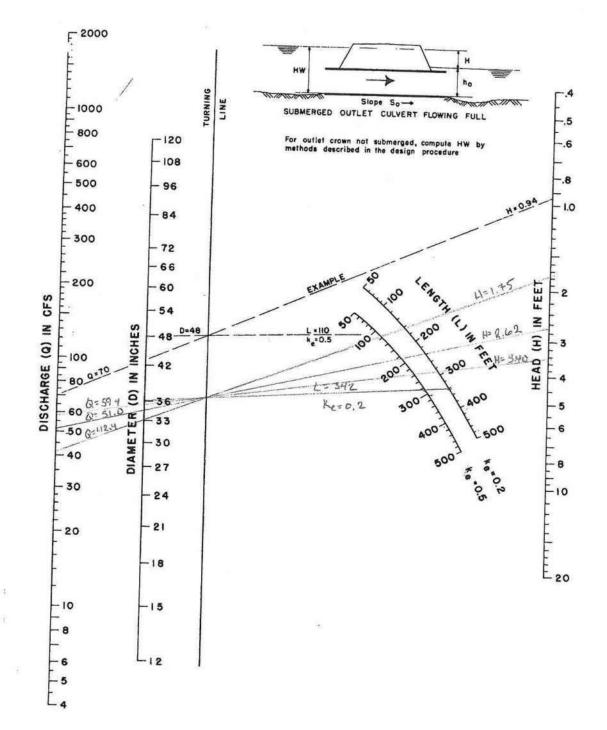
BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

MP 6.169



CRITICAL DE PTH CIRCULAR PIPE

CHART 5



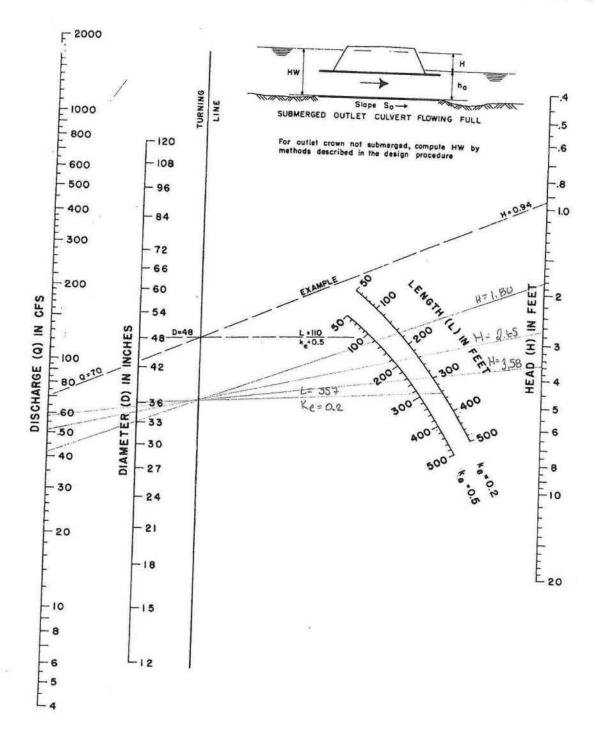
HEAD FOR CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS FLOWING FULL n = 0.012

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

14

B-6

CHART 5



HEAD FOR CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS FLOWING FULL n = 0.012

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

3

B-7

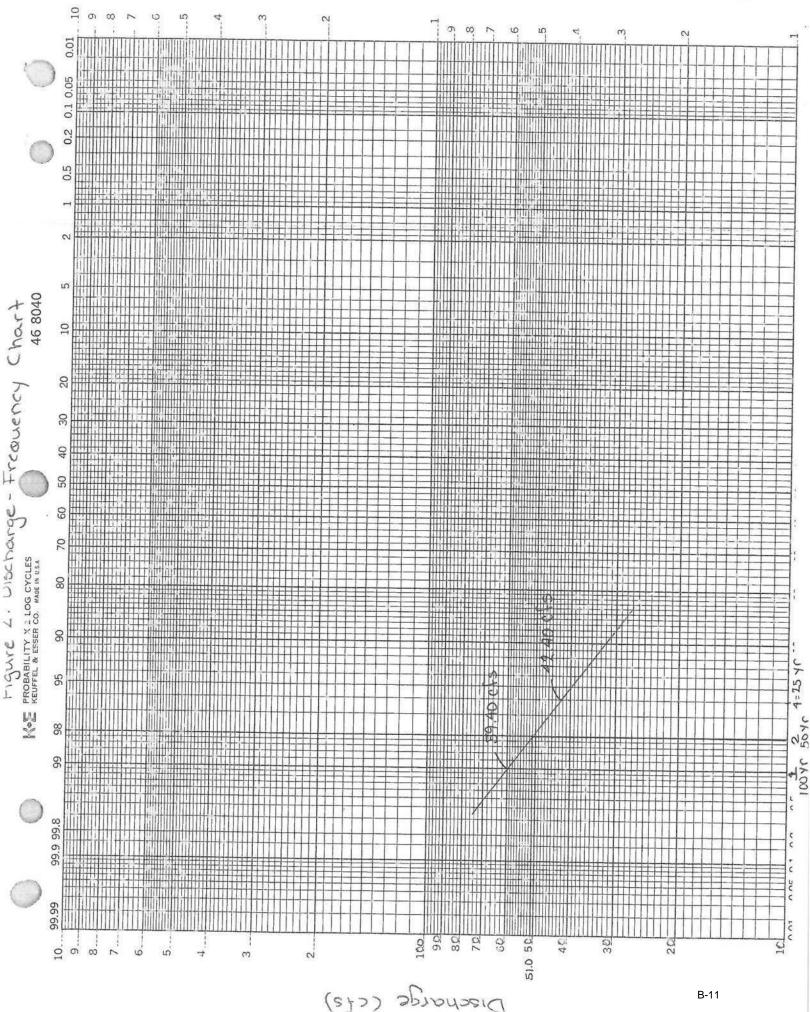
		Ē	-	_			-
DATE LDP 12-Nov-13 HHJ 7-Apr-14 59219	El. 29.02 Downstream Invert El. 26.00		Comments				
made by: checked by: HNTB job #:	TW ₅₀ = El. 29.02 Downstre		Outlet	Velocity	6.00	7.22	8.40
HN	N	[Con.	MH	3.45	4.17	4.80
		Γ		MH	3.37	4.05	4.77
z	Overtoppping EI. 34.60			LSo	1.15	1.15	1.15
VDITIO	Overtop		TW - LS	DTW	3.02	3.02	3.02
			0 + H =	WT	3.02	3.02	3.02
DRAIN ANALYSIS - PROPOSED CONDITION		Headwater Computation	Outlet Control HW = H + DTW - LSo	(d _c +D)/2	2.55	2.65	2.75
II - SIS		vater Cor	Outlet Co	dc***	2.10	2.30	2.50
ANALY	HW ₁₀₀ = El. 31.95	Headw		H**	1.50	2.18	2.90
JRAIN A	HW ₁₀₀ = HW ₅₀ = HW ₂₅ = HW ₂₅ = El. 27.15			Ke	0.20	0.20	0.20
CROSS I	Upstream El. 27.15		lo	MH	3.45	4.17	4.80
5			Inlet Control	HW/D*	1.15	1.39	1.60
			-	Q/B	14.14	17.00	19.79
400 ent 4	(NAVD)	Size		m	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft
n utive Court, Suite 400 46 I-4 PD&E - Segment 4 6.96	cs: 1 Round 0.022 0.022 0.022 0.020 0.020 0.005 ft/ft 24.60 34.60 34.60 34.60 36" Pipe	0.		0	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft
ive Court 4 PD&E 6.96	36122 3 3 3 0 0 R	c	-		42.4	51.0	59.4
oration It Execut -L 32746	Charact arrels: Shape: ": ss Coef.: ss Coef.: El.:	# of	п	-	-	-	~
HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 400 Lake Mary, FL 32746 PROJECT: I-4 PD&E - Segment LOCATION: 6.96	Cross Drain Characteristics: Number of Barrels: Cross Drain Shape: Manning's "n": Entrance Loss Coeft.: Fantance Loss Coeft.: Fantance Loss Coeft.: Entrance Loss Coeft.: Entrance Loss Coeft.: Span (B): Height (D): Length (L): Slope (So): Upstream Invert: Overtopping EI.: Tailwater EI.: Description:	Culvert	Description	in the second second	36" Pipe 25 Yr	36" Pipe 50 Yr	36" Pipe 100 Yr

100 Yr

* From Chart 1 of HDS-5 ** From Chart 5 of HDS-5 *** From Chart 4 of HDS-5

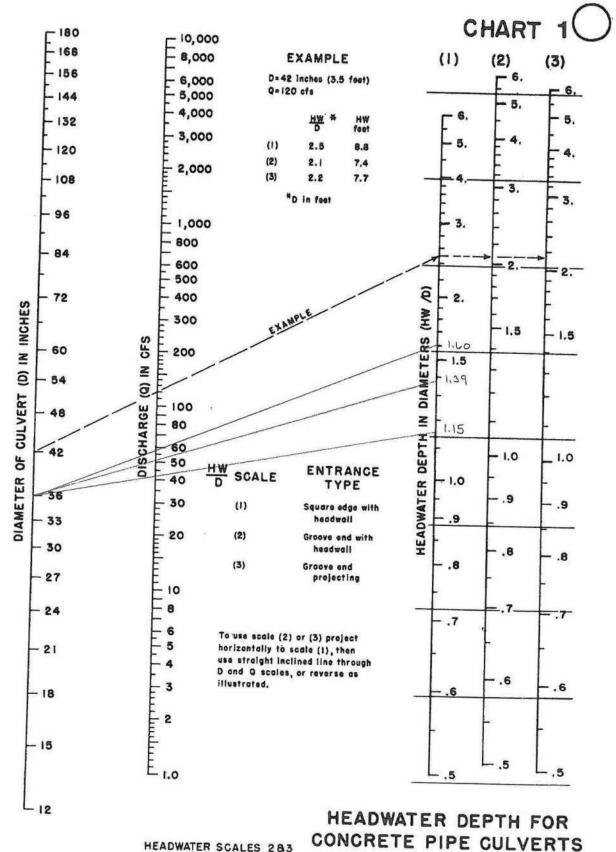
		59219				TW ₅₀ = El. 29.02 Downstream Invert El. 26.02				Comments				
	made by: checked by:	HNTB job #:				TW 50 =			1000	Outlet	verocity	6.00	7.22	8.40
	Ę.	Ŧ				N				Con.	111	3.45	4.17	4.80
					/	11					HW	3.41	4.10	4.72
DRAIN ANALYSIS - EXISTING CONDITION				Overtoppping EI. EI. 34.60						0	LSo	1.08	1.08	1.08
				- Overtop	Overtop EI: 34.6				TW - LS	DTW	ю	з	ю	
			<				0 + H = .	ΝĮ	3.00	3.00	3.00			
							Headwater Computation	Outlet Control HW = H + DTW - LSo	(d _c +D)/2	2.55	2.65	2.75		
				HW ₁₀₀ = EI. 31.90 区 HW ₅₀ = EI. 31.27 区 HW ₂₅ = EI. 30.55 区 n Invert					Outlet Co	dc***	2.10	2.30	2.50	
ANALY											**H	1.49	2.18	2.80
CROSS DRAIN HW 100 =					HW ₁₀₀ = HW ₅₀ = HW ₂₅ =	HW 100 = HW 25 = HW 25 = HW 25 = HW 25 = LUpstream Invert EI. 27.10					Ke	0.20	0.20	0.20
						Upstream El. 27.10				lo	MH	3.45	4.17	4.80
0					(NAVD) (Based on crown of pipe)					Inlet Control	HW/D*	1.15	1.39	1.60
					on crow		-	Q/B	14.14	17.00	19.79			
	00	int 4		1 0022 0014 0014 0014 0014 100 100 100 100 100	Ø	Size		m	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft			
. Suite 4	t, Suite 4	HN IB Corporation 610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 400 Lake Mary, FL 32746 PROJECT: I-4 PD&E - Segment 4 LOCATION: 6.96			1 Round 0.022 0.20	1 Round 0.022 0.20 3.0 ft 3.0 ft 3.0 ft 210 ft 210 ft 27.10 27.10 27.10 27.10 27.10 27.10 27.10 27.10 26.02 34.60 29.02 36" Pipe	42.4 cfi s	U.	° 		3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	
	tive Cour		6.96 eristics: 6.96				rD ² /4) = 59.4 cfs	c	s (cfs)		42.4	51.0	59.4	
	oration it Execut =L 32746	4		Characte	aarrels: Shape: ": ss Coef.:	vert: lovert	EI:	6 fps * (1 Q ₂₅ =	40 #	<u> </u>		~	-	-
	HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executi Lake Mary, FL 32746	PROJECT:	LOCATION:	Cross Drain Characteristics:	Number of Barrels: Cross Drain Shape: Manning's "n": Entrance Loss Coef.:	Span (B): Height (D): Length (L): Slope (So): Upstream Invert: Downstream Invert:	Overtopping El.: Tailwater El.: Description:	$Q_{25} = V^*A = 6 \text{ fps }^* (\pi D^2/4) = 42.4 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.4 ^* Q_{25} = 59.4 \text{ cfs}$	Culvart	Description	-	36" Pipe 25 Yr	36" Pipe 50 Yr	36" Pipe 100 Yr

* From Chart 1 of HDS-5 ** From Chart 5 of HDS-5 *** From Chart 4 of HDS-5



MP 6.96

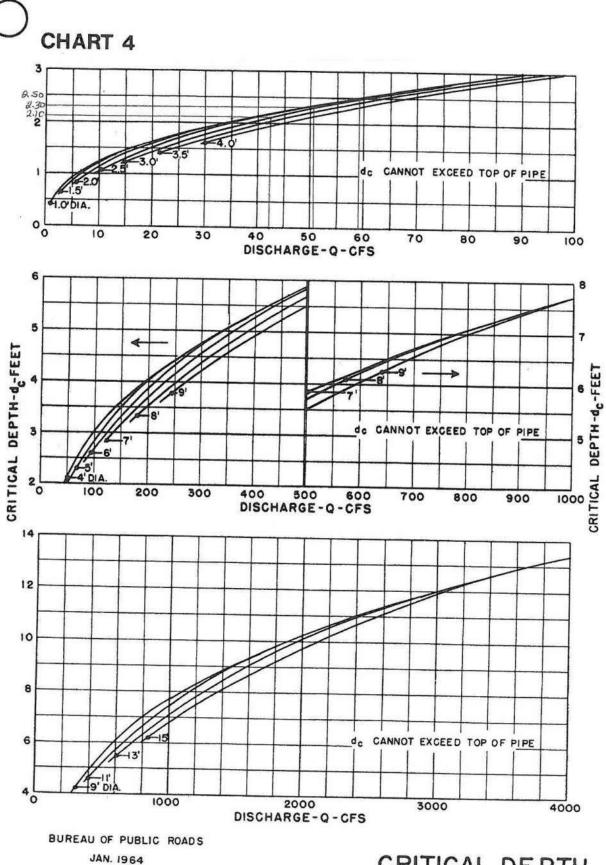
MP 6.96



WITH INLET CONTROL

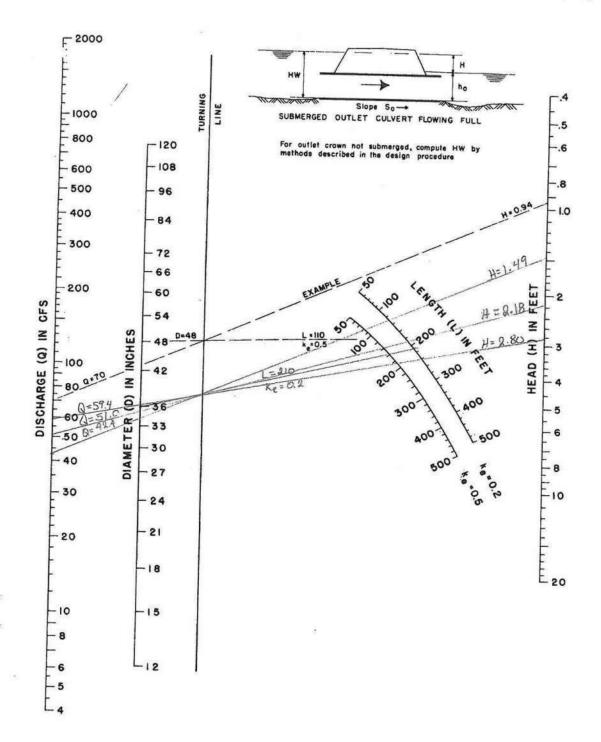
HEADWATER SCALES 283 BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963 REVISED MAY 1964

181



CRITICAL DE PTH CIRCULAR PIPE

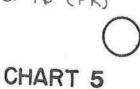
CHART 5

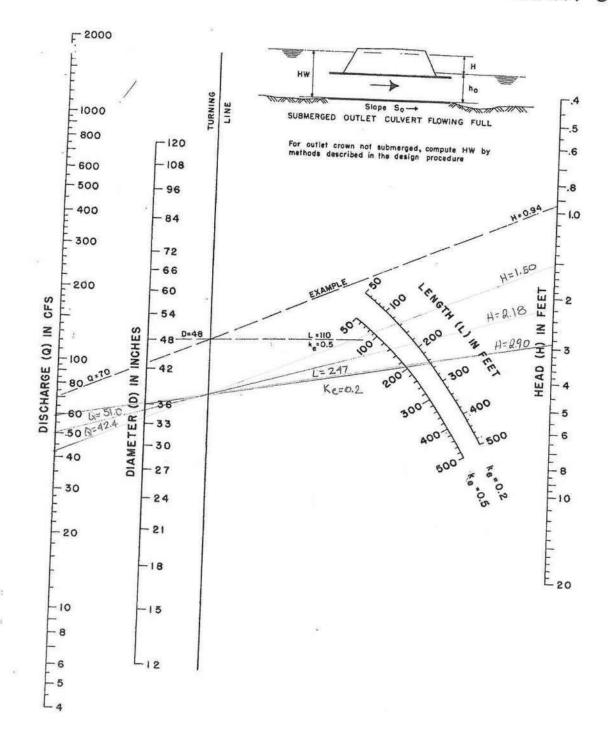


HEAD FOR CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS FLOWING FULL n = 0.012

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

MP 6.96 (PR)





HEAD FOR CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS FLOWING FULL n = 0.012

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

.

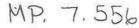
DATE made by: LDP 12-Nov-13 checked by: HHJ 7-Apr-14 HNTB job #: 59219	Overtoppping El. El. 41.25 Z TW ₆₀ = El. 23.33 El. 20.33	·	Con. Outlet Comments		7.91 -3.21 3.45 6.00	7.91 -2.41 4.17 7.22	7.91 -1.71 4.80 8.40
ONDITIO	EI. 41.25		H + DTW - L	WTD WT	3.00 3	3.00 3	3.00 3
DRAIN ANALYSIS - EXISTING CONDITION		putation	Outlet Control HW = H + DTW - LSo	(d _c +D)/2 1	2.55 3	2.65 3	2.75 3
SIS - E		Headwater Computation	Outlet Col	dc ***	2.10	2.30	2.50
ANALY	HW ₁₀₀ = El. 33.04 HW ₅₀ = El. 32.41 HW ₂₅ = El. 31.69 In Invert	Headw		**т	1.70	2.50	3.20
DRAIN	HW ₁₀₀ = El. 33.04 ∑ HW ₅₀ = El. 32.41 ∑ HW ₂₅ = El. 31.69 ∑ Upstream Invert El. 28.24			Ke	0.50	0.50	0.50
cross	Upstream El. 28.24		ol	MH	3.45	4.17	4.80
0	(NAVD) (Based on crown of pipe)		Inlet Control	HW/D*	1.15	1.39	1.60
	on crow		-	Q/B	14.14	17.00	19.79
00 nt 4		Size			3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft
utive Court, Suite 400 46 1-4 PD&E - Segment 4 7.556	cs: 1 Round 0.022 0.022 0.022 0.022 1.0.022 0.0334 ft/ft 2.37 ft 0.0334 ft/ft 2.37 ft 2.37 ft 2.37 ft 2.37 ft 2.37 ft 2.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.34 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.35 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.25 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 4.1.56 2.3.33 3.6.77 2.3.33 3.6.77 2.3.33 3.6.77 2.3.33 3.6.777 2.3.33 3.6.7777 2.3.33 3.6.77777777777777777777777777777777777	U.	~ L.	_	3.0 ft	3.0 ft	3.0 ft
ve Court I PD&E - 7.556	ristics: Roi 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.(0.0 3.(c	3		42.4	51.0	59.4
ration E Executi I-46	Characte arrels: Shape: Shape: s Coef: El: El: El:	40 #	# ur Barrels		-	-	.
HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 400 Lake Mary, FL 32746 PROJECT: I-4 PD&E - Segment PROJECT: I-4 PD&E - Segment LOCATION: 7.556	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Culvert Description 36" Pipe 25 Yr				36" Pipe 50 Yr	36" Pipe 100 Yr

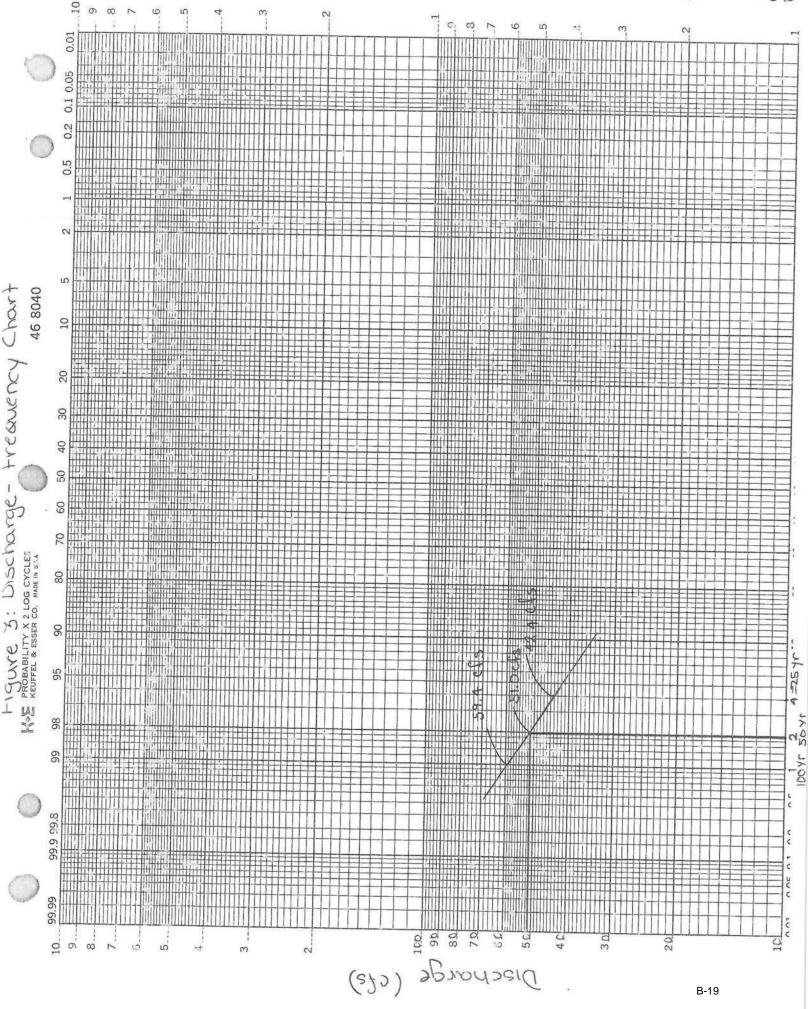
* From Chart 1 of HDS-5 ** From Chart 5 of HDS-5 *** From Chart 4 of HDS-5

WTB Corporation Level exercise focus of lie May, FL, 2016 Mathematical made by FL, 2016 Mathematical made by FL, 2016 Mathematical FL, 2017 Mathmatical FL, 2017 Mathematical FL, 2017<	T I														-	_		-	_	-	_	_	
A Two = EI. 33.04 X Two = EII		+	59219							El. 23.33	Downstream Invert	El. 19.80				Comments							
A Overtopping EI. HW ₁₀₀ = EI. 33.04 X HW ₂₀₀ = EI. 31.69 X HW ₂₀₀ = EI. 31.60 Z HW ₂₀₀ = EI. 31.61 Z HW ₂₀₀ = EI. 210 Z HW ₂₀₀ = EI. 31.61 Z HW ₂₀₀ = EI.		made by: ecked by:	TB job #:							TW ₅₀ =	Ļ	\backslash				Outlet	Velocity	6.00	2	00 1	1.22	0 40	ά.4U
COOS DRAIN ANALYSIS - PROPOSED CONDITION COOS DRAIN ANALYSIS - PROPOSED CONDITION HW* ₁₀₀ = EI. 33.04 Σ HW* ₂₀₀ = EI. 31.69 Σ HW* ₂₀₀ = EI. 31.60 Σ HW*		ch	Z							\square			1			Con.	MH	3.45	2		4.17		4.ðU
A HW $_{100} = EI. 33.04 \ \Sigma$ HW $_{25} = EI. 33.04 \ \Sigma$ HW $_{25} = EI. 31.69 \ \Sigma$ HW $_{21} = EI. 28.24$ Job the total three total								/	/	/	1				ſ		MH	-3.11		000	-2.33	1 51	10.1-
A HW $_{100} = EI. 33.04 \ \Sigma$ HW $_{25} = EI. 33.04 \ \Sigma$ HW $_{25} = EI. 31.69 \ \Sigma$ HW $_{21} = EI. 28.24$ Job the total three total	7				Doing El	הייש הייש ניייש בי		ſ		5		/					LSo	8.44			0.44	8 44	0.44
4 Upstre IAVD) Upstre IAVD) Iniet Control B Q/B INVD* HW/D* 8.0 ft 14.14 117.00 1.39 8.0 ft 117.00 10.79 1.60 8.0 ft 19.79	DITIO				Overton	El. 41.2					2	$\left \right $				LW - LSG	DTW	3.53		2 50	0.00	3 53	0.00
4 Upstre IAVD) Upstre IAVD) Iniet Control B Q/B INVD* HW/D* 8.0 ft 14.14 117.00 1.39 8.0 ft 117.00 10.79 1.60 8.0 ft 19.79	D CON				ţ	/				/		/				= H + D	ML	3.53		2 63	0.00	3 53	0.00
4 Upstre IAVD) Upstre IAVD) Iniet Control B Q/B INVD* HW/D* 8.0 ft 14.14 117.00 1.39 8.0 ft 117.00 10.79 1.60 8.0 ft 19.79	COPUSE COPUSE								moutation	ontrol HW	(d _c +D)/2	2.55		2.65		2.75							
4 Upstre IAVD) Upstre IAVD) Iniet Control B Q/B INVD* HW/D* 8.0 ft 14.14 117.00 1.39 8.0 ft 117.00 10.79 1.60 8.0 ft 19.79	SIS - P									vater Co	Outlet C	dc***	2.10		2.30		2.50						
4 Upstre IAVD) Upstre IAVD) Iniet Control B Q/B INVD* HW/D* 8.0 ft 14.14 117.00 1.39 8.0 ft 117.00 10.79 1.60 8.0 ft 19.79	INALY						EI. 33.0	EI. 32.4 EI 31.6	LI. 01.0	1	1				Headv		**H	1.80		7 58	2.00	3 40	01-0
4 Upstre IAVD) Upstre IAVD) Iniet Control B Q/B INVD* HW/D* 8.0 ft 14.14 117.00 1.39 8.0 ft 117.00 10.79 1.60 8.0 ft 19.79							HW 100 =	HW ₅₀ =	92	im Invert	4						Ke	0.50		0 50	0.00	0.50	222
4 IAVD) B Q/B HW/ 3.0 ft 14.14 1.1 3.0 ft 17.00 1.3 3.0 ft 19.79 1.6										Upstrea	EI. 28.2					rol		3.45		4.17	÷	4.80	2015
4 IAVD) B Q/B 3.0 ft 14.14 3.0 ft 17.00 3.0 ft 19.75	5															let Cont	HW/D*			_			_
HNTB Corporation610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 400Lake Mary, FL 32746PROJECT: I-4 PD&E - Segment 4LOCATION: 7.556Cross Drain Characteristics:Cross Drain Shape:Number of Barrels:Cross Drain Shape:Manning's "n":Cross Drain Shape:Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Span (B):Height (D):Cross Drain Shape:Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Manning's "n":Downstream Invert:Upstream Invert:Downstream Invert:Manter EL:Downstream Invert:Manter EL:MarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarelsMarels																-	Q/B	14.14		17 00	00.11	19.79	
HNTB Corporation610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 4Lake Mary, FL 32746Lake Mary, FL 32746PROJECT:L4 PD&E - SegmeCoross Drain Characteristics:Cross Drain Shape:Number of Barrels:Number of Barrels:Upstream Invert:Upstream Invert:Description:Ser Pipe36" Pipe4100 Yr100 Yr <td>0</td> <td>3</td> <td>nt 4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(NAVD)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>azi</td> <td>В</td> <td>3.0 ft</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>	0	3	nt 4						1			(NAVD)				azi	В	3.0 ft			_		_
HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executive Court Lake Mary, FL 32746 PROJECT: 1.4 PD&E LOCATION: 7.556 Cross Drain Characteristics: 7.556 Number of Barrels: 0.03 Cross Drain Shape: Ro Manning's "n": 0.03 Entrance Loss Coeff.: 0.03 Span (B): 28 Vestream Invert: 28 Overtopping EI:: 28 Description: 41 36" Pipe 1	Cuito	, ouite 4	· Segme				-	022	50	0 ft	0 ft 33 ft	34 ft/ft 3.24	.25	Pipe	Ĺ	0	٥	3.0 ft		30#		3.0 ft	:
HNTB Corporation 610 Crescent Executil Lake Mary, FL 32746 PROJECT: LocATION: LocATION: Cross Drain Characte Number of Barrels: Cross Drain Shape: Manning's "n": Entrance Loss Coefi: Span (B): Height (D): Length (L): Slope (So): Upstream Invert: Overtopping EL: Tailwater EL: Description: 36" Pipe 36" Pipe 1 36" Pipe 1 36" Pipe	ting) on	Inon av	PD&E.	7.556	eristics:			0 R		P m	3.	0.03	41	36"	Ľ	_	_	42.4		51.0		59.4	
HNTB Corpo 610 Crescen Lake Mary, F PROJECT: LOCATION: LOCATION: Cross Drain (Manning's "n Entrance Los Span (B): Height (D): Length (L): Slope (So): Upstream Inv Downstream Overtopping I Tailwater EI.: Description 36" Pipe 25 Yr 36" Pipe 50 Yr 36" Pipe 50 Yr 36" Pipe	Evention	L 32746	Ţ		Characte		arrels:	Shape:	s Coef.:			tert:	Invert: El.:			# 01 Barrole	מומא	٣		~		-	
	HNTB Corpc	Lake Mary, F	PROJECT:	LOCATION:	Cross Drain (Number of Ba	Cross Drain & Manning's "n'	Entrance Los	Span (B):	Height (D): Length (L):	Slope (So): Upstream Inv	Overtopping I	Description:		Description	linindimena	36" Pipe	25 Yr	36" Pipe	50 Yr	36" Pipe	100 Yr

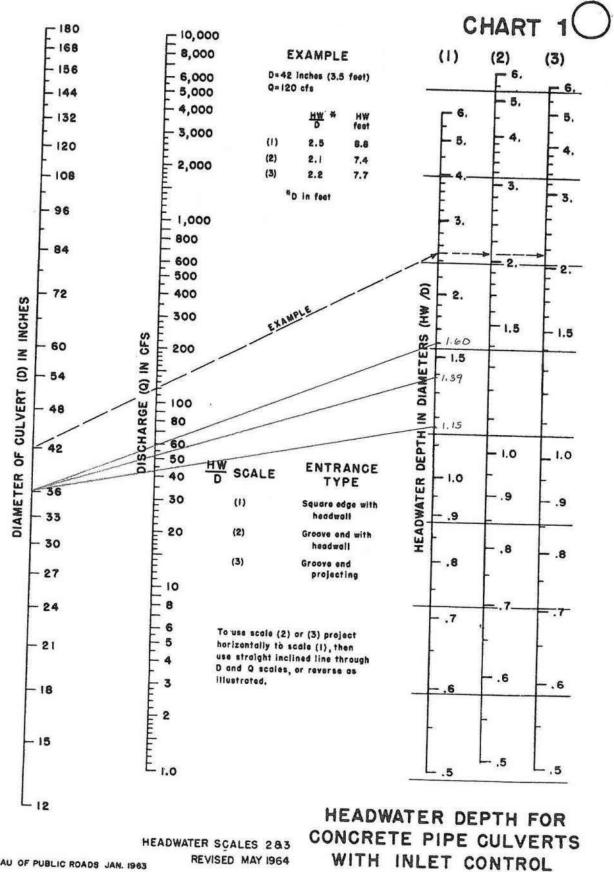
CROSS DRAIN ANALYSIS - PROPOSED CONDITION

* From Chart 1 of HDS-5 ** From Chart 5 of HDS-5 *** From Chart 4 of HDS-5





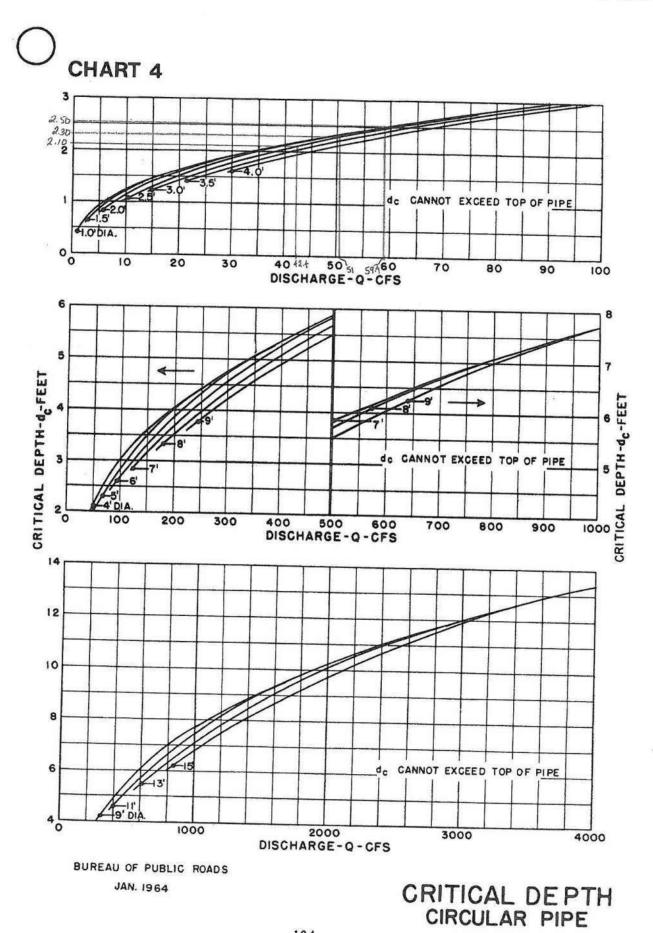
MP 7.556



REVISED MAY 1964

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

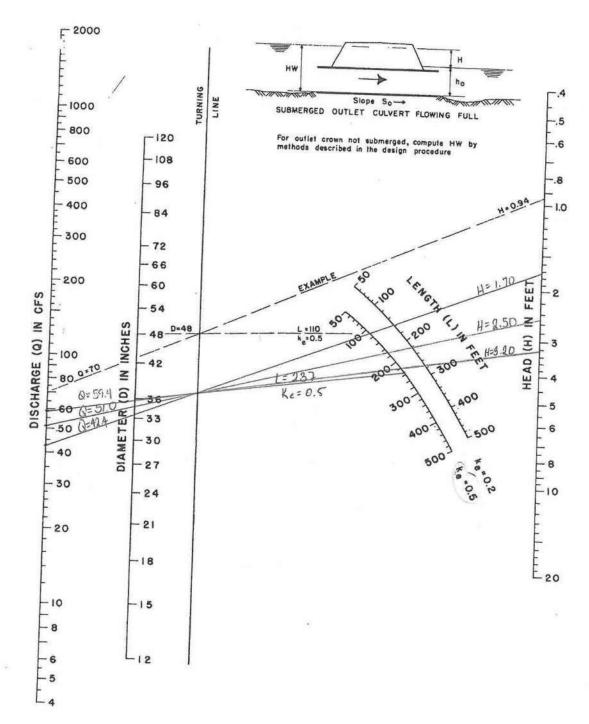
MP 7.556



184

MP 7.556 (Ex)



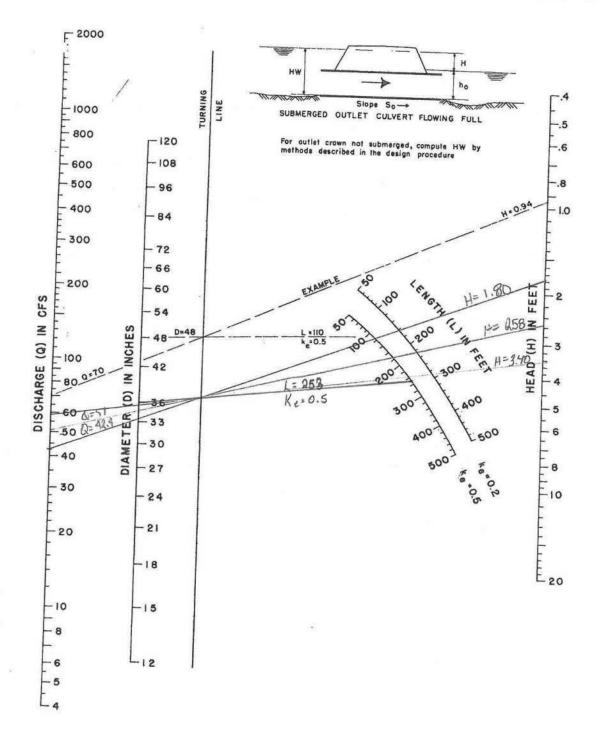


HEAD FOR CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS FLOWING FULL n ± 0.012

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

B-22

CHART 5



HEAD FOR CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS FLOWING FULL n = 0.012

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

-

APPENDIX C – CORRESPONDENCE

SR 400 (I-4) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study | FM No.: 432100-1-22-01

From:	Sanam Rai
Sent:	Wednesday, October 07, 2015 8:46 AM
То:	Luz Phillip
Subject:	FW: I4 Segment 4 Cross Drains

From: Meade, Ron [mailto:Ron.Meade@dot.state.fl.us]
Sent: Thursday, January 29, 2015 9:50 AM
To: Sanam Rai; 'Richard Archambault'; Read, James; Golloway, Jeremy
Cc: Kirts, Scott; Snow, Rick; Barry Switzer
Subject: RE: I4 Segment 4 Cross Drains

You are welcome and I've had no known issues at these locations from internal staff.

Thanks,

Ron

Ron J. Meade Deland Operations Engineer Office (386) 740-3401 Main (386)740-3400 Cell (386) 956-8959

From: Sanam Rai [mailto:sarai@HNTB.com]
Sent: Thursday, January 29, 2015 9:45 AM
To: 'Richard Archambault'; Read, James; Golloway, Jeremy
Cc: Kirts, Scott; Meade, Ron; Snow, Rick; Barry Switzer
Subject: RE: I4 Segment 4 Cross Drains

All,

Thank you for helping me out with this task.

Ron, thanks again for coordinating and responding so promptly.

Sanam

From: Richard Archambault [mailto:ozzy.archambault@tmeenterprises.com]
Sent: Wednesday, January 28, 2015 3:31 PM
To: 'Read, James'; 'Golloway, Jeremy'
Cc: 'Kirts, Scott'; Sanam Rai; 'Meade, Ron'; 'Snow, Rick'
Subject: RE: I4 Segment 4 Cross Drains

Jim,

I am unaware of any issues with the referenced cross drains. Let me know if you need anything else.

Richard "Ozzy" Archambault Project Manager – Orlando, Fl. Office: (407) 730–2232 Cell: (407) 494–9032 Fax: (407) 704–7642 Email: Richard.archambault@tmeenterprises.com



RIGHT OF WAY MAINTENANCE

From: Read, James [mailto:James.Read@dot.state.fl.us]
Sent: Wednesday, January 28, 2015 2:44 PM
To: Richard Archambault; Golloway, Jeremy
Cc: Kirts, Scott; sarai@HNTB.com; Meade, Ron; Snow, Rick
Subject: FW: I4 Segment 4 Cross Drains

Jeremy, Ozzy

We would like your input as well. Please see below and respond to all. Thanks

James Read Field Operations Manager Deland Operations 386-740-3406 M - F 7:00 am to 3:30 pm



From: Meade, Ron
Sent: Wednesday, January 28, 2015 1:59 PM
To: Read, James; Snow, Rick; McGhee, William; Woods, Charles
Subject: FW: I4 Segment 4 Cross Drains

Team, Do we have any known issues at these locations that we can share with these designers?

Ron J. Meade Deland Operations Engineer Office (386) 740-3401 Main (386)740-3400

Cell (386) 956-8959

From: Sanam Rai [mailto:sarai@HNTB.com]
Sent: Wednesday, January 28, 2015 1:39 PM
To: Meade, Ron
Cc: Barry Switzer; Luz Phillip
Subject: I4 Segment 4 Cross Drains

Ron,

Attached are the drainage maps that show the existing crossdrains located along the I-4 project limits within Volusia County. I have placed a text note and a pop up note box at each crossdrain location for your reference.

As I mentioned earlier over the phone, I need to know of any issues (flooding, scour, sedimentation) with any of the crossdrains for our Location Hydraulics Report (LHR).

If you have any questions or comments, feel free to email or call me.

Thanks,

Sanam

Sanam Rai, PE Project Engineer - Drainage

HNTB Corporation

610 Crescent Executive Court, Suite 400 Lake Mary, FL 32746

Tel (407) 805-0355 Direct (407) 547-3025 Fax (407) 805-0227 www.hntb.com

This e-mail and any files transmitted with it are confidential and are intended solely for the use of the individual or entity to whom they are addressed. If you are NOT the intended recipient and receive this communication, please delete this message and any attachments. Thank you.

This e-mail and any files transmitted with it are confidential and are intended solely for the use of the individual or entity to whom they are addressed. If you are NOT the intended recipient and receive this communication, please delete this message and any attachments. Thank you.